## $Midterm \ 3-Math \ 241$

## Friday, November 16, 2018

This is a closed-book exam. No calculators allowed. Justify your answers to obtain full credit (and partial credit, too). You have 50 minutes. This exam consists of 5 questions. Please verify that you have all pages.

Name:\_\_\_\_\_

ID#:\_\_\_\_\_

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1. (25 points) Find the following integrals:

(a) 
$$\int_{0}^{4} 2(\sqrt{t} - t) dt$$
  
(b) 
$$\int \frac{1 + 2t^{3}}{t^{3}} dt$$
  
(c) 
$$\int \tan^{4} x \sec^{2} x dx$$
  
(d) 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} 2 \sin x \cos^{2} x$$
  
(e) 
$$\int \frac{x}{(x^{2} + 2)^{3}}$$

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**2.** (15 points) Use mid-points to approximate the area above the x-axis and under  $x^2 + 6$  from x = 0 to x = 6 using 3 rectangles.

**3.** (20 points) Find the volume of the solid that lies between planes perpendicular to the x-axis at x = -1 and x = 1. The cross-sections perpendicular to the x-axis are squares whose side runs from the curve  $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$  to  $y = -\sqrt{1-x^2}$ . (see last page for picture if needed)

**4.** (15 points) A ball is thrown from a cliff that is 6 feet from the ground (s(0) = 6) with initial velocity 100ft/sec (v(0) = 100). If the acceleration due to gravity is -32 ft/sec<sup>2</sup> (a(t) = -32), find the equation s(t) for the position of the ball at time t.

**5.** (25 points) Set up but do not evaluate the integral(s) needed to find the area between the curves  $y = 2x^2$  and y = 6x from x = -2 to x = 5

## Final Score

	Score	Out of
Question 1		25
Question 2		15
Question 3		20
Question 4		15
Question 5		25
Total		100

